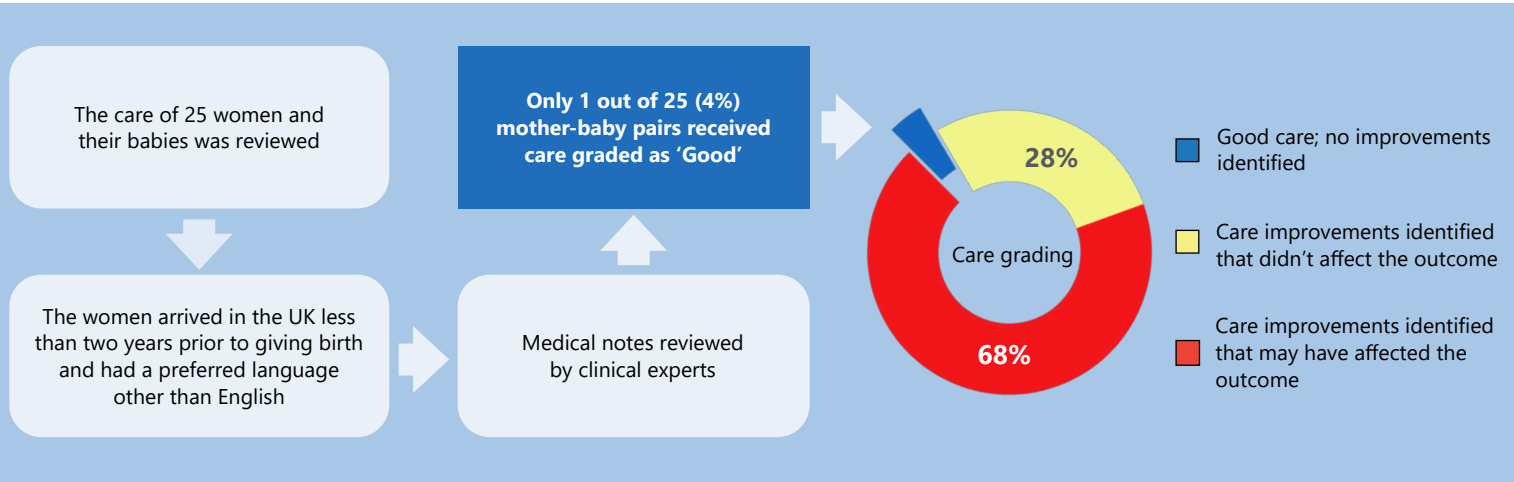

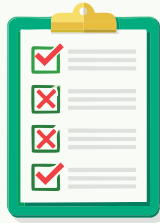


# The care of recent migrant women with language barriers who have experienced a stillbirth or neonatal death


### 1 Language barriers and interpretation

- 96% Almost all of the women had a documented need for an interpreter.
- 27% There were 589 separate contacts with healthcare services, but only 27% took place with a documented professional interpreter.
- 50% 50% of contacts took place without any documented interpreter.




### 2 Gaps in antenatal care

- 68% 68% of women didn't book their pregnancy, or booked late in their pregnancy.
- 24% 24% of women who booked their pregnancy received antenatal care in line with national guidance.
- 52% 52% of women had an opportunity to talk about their mental health during the antenatal period.



### 3 Bereavement care in the community

- 59% 59% of women whose baby died received documented bereavement care in the community.



### 4 Research and service development gaps

- Lack of research to inform service development for women new to the UK and non-English speakers.
- Services do not meet the needs of these women effectively.

Source: Kenyon SL, Gallimore ID, Evans TC, Page GL, Felker A, Fenton AC (Eds), on behalf of the MBRRACE-UK Collaboration. MBRRACE-UK Perinatal Confidential Enquiry, The care of recent migrant women with language barriers who have experienced a stillbirth or neonatal death: [State of the nation report](#). Leicester: TIMMS, Department of Population Health Sciences, University of Leicester. 2024.